

Exercises (January 29, 2020):

1. Typeset this:

First The first entry here

Second Then the second

Last Then the last

with the descriptors “First” in red color, “Second” in blue and “Last” in black.

Hint: `\usepackage{color}`

2. Typeset

$$\begin{array}{ccc} a = b & c = d & e = f \\ g = b & h = d & k = f \end{array}$$

3. Typeset

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

4. Typeset two of these: φ , σ , ϑ , Ξ , α

5. Typeset

$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

6. Typeset

$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}} \pm 1} = \frac{1}{e^{\hbar\omega/k_B T} \pm 1}$$

Note: This uses the greek letter `\omega` and the symbol `\hbar`.

7. Typeset

$$F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu}, D_{\nu}] = \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu} = \partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}$$

Note: This uses the greek letters `\mu` and `\nu`, and the symbol `\partial`.

Solutions

Exercise 1: Per the hint place `\usepackage{color}` in the preamble. Then

```
\begin{description}
\item[\color{red}First] The first entry here
\item[\color{blue}Second] Then the second
\item[\color{black}Last] Then the last
\end{description}
```

Exercise 2: `\begin{align*}`

```
a&=b & c&=d & e&=f \\
g&=b & h&=d & k&=f
\end{align*}
```

Note: the star in `align*` is used in order to omit equation numbering.

Exercise 3: `\item Typeset`

```
\[
a^2=b^2+c^2
\]
\bigskip
```

Exercise 4: Use package *wasysym* for `\female`, `\male`, `\taurus`, *amssymb* for `\boxminus`, and *tipa* for `\textschwa`

Exercise 5: `\[`

```
F = G_N\frac{m_1m_2}{r^2}
\]
\bigskip
```

Exercise 6: `\[`

```
n_{\pm}(E,T)=\frac{1}{k_{BT}}e^{-\frac{E}{k_{BT}}}\pm 1
=\frac{1}{k_{BT}}e^{\pm\frac{\hbar\omega}{k_{BT}}}\pm 1
\]
\bigskip
```

Exercise 7: `\[`

```
F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu} , D_{\nu}]
=\partial_{\mu} A_{\nu}-\partial_{\nu} A_{\mu}
=\partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}
\]
```

Exercises (February 12, 2020):

1. Typeset two of these: φ , σ , ϑ , Ξ , ϱ

2. Typeset

$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

3. Typeset

$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}} \pm 1} = \frac{1}{e^{\hbar\omega/k_B T} \pm 1}$$

Note: This uses the greek letter `\omega` and the symbol `\hbar`.

4. Typeset

$$F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu}, D_{\nu}] = \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu} = \partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}$$

Note: This uses the greek letters `\mu` and `\nu`, and the symbol `\partial`.

5. Typeset these (the first is inline, the next two are separate displayed equations):

“Taylor expansion $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} x^n$.”

$$\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx} dx = f(1) - f(0)$$

$$e^{\zeta(s)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}$$

(This uses the greek letter zeta).

6. Typeset these two expressions as separate *displayed equations*:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right] \quad x^2 \left(\sum_n A_n + 3 \left(b + \frac{1}{c} \right) \right) \Big|_0$$

7. Typeset this, using the `multiline*` environment:

$$2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{2^5} + \frac{1}{2^6} + \frac{1}{2^7} + \frac{1}{2^8} + \frac{1}{2^9} + \frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1}{2^{11}} \right) = \frac{4095}{1024}$$

8. Make the first entry of Exercise ?? look like this:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$$

Exercise 1: Use package *wasysym* for `\female`, `\male`, `\taurus`, *amssymb* for `\boxminus`, and *tipa* for `\textschwa`

Exercise 2:
$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

Exercise 3:
$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{k_{BT}} e^{-\frac{E}{k_{BT}}} \pm 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{k_{BT}} e^{-\frac{\hbar \omega}{k_{BT}}} \pm 1$$

Exercise 4:
$$F_{\nu} = [D_{\nu}, D_{\nu}]$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} A_{\nu} - \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} A_{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} A_{\nu}$$

Exercise 5: ‘Taylor expansion $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} x^n$.’
 $\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx} dx = f(1) - f(0)$
 $e^{\zeta(s)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}$

Exercise 6: $2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$
and
 $\left[x^2 \left(\sum_n A_n + 3 \left(b + \frac{1}{c} \right) \right) \right]_0$

Exercise 7:
$$2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{2^5} + \frac{1}{2^6} + \frac{1}{2^7} + \frac{1}{2^8} + \frac{1}{2^9} \right)$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1}{2^{11}} \right) = \frac{4095}{1024}$$

Exercise 8: $2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$

Exercises (February 19, 2020):

1. Typeset these two expressions as separate *displayed equations*:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right] \quad x^2 \left(\sum_n A_n + 3 \left(b + \frac{1}{c} \right) \right) \Big|_0$$

2. Typeset this, using the `multline*` environment:

$$2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{2^5} + \frac{1}{2^6} + \frac{1}{2^7} + \frac{1}{2^8} + \frac{1}{2^9} + \frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1}{2^{11}} \right) = \frac{4095}{1024}$$

3. Make the first entry of Exercise 1 look like this:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$$

4. Typeset:

The Pauli matrices are:

$$\sigma^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Note: The blank in the 2nd entry of the 1st row of σ^3 is a deliberate typo

5. Typset this:

$$\left\| \begin{array}{c|c} a \times b & c + d \\ \alpha & \gamma \\ \hline 3 & 1.1 \end{array} \right\|$$

6. Typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
11	Didier	Drogba

7. Modify the previous table to typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
10	Edson	Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)
11	Didier	Drogba

Solutions

Exercise 1: $\left[2\left(3\frac{a}{z}+2\left(\frac{a}{d}+7\right)\right)\right]$ and

$\left[\left(x^2\left(\sum_{n=3}^{\infty}\left(b+\frac{1}{c}\right)\right)\right)\right]_0$

Exercise 2:
$$\begin{aligned} &2\left(1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2^2}+\frac{1}{2^3}+\frac{1}{2^4}\right. \\ &\quad \left.+\frac{1}{2^5}+\frac{1}{2^6}+\frac{1}{2^7}\right. \\ &\quad \left.+\frac{1}{2^8}+\frac{1}{2^9}\right) \\ &\left.+\frac{1}{2^{10}}+\frac{1}{2^{11}}\right)=\frac{4095}{1024} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 3: $\left[2\text{Bigg}\left[3\frac{a}{z}+2\text{bigg}\left(\frac{a}{d}+7\text{bigg}\right)\text{Bigg}\right] \right]$

Exercise 4: The Pauli matrices are:
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma^1 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \sigma^3 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 5:
$$\begin{array}{|r|l|} \hline a \times b & c+d \\ \hline \alpha & \gamma \\ \hline 3 & 1.1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Exercise 6:
$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{|c|l|l|} \hline \text{Jersey} & \text{First Name} & \text{Last Name} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Cristiano} & \text{Ronaldo} \\ \hline 11 & \text{Didier} & \text{Drogba} \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$$

Exercise 7:
$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{|c|l|l|} \hline \text{Jersey} & \text{First Name} & \text{Last Name} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Cristiano} & \text{Ronaldo} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Edson} & \text{Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)} \\ \hline 11 & \text{Didier} & \text{Drogba} \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$$

Exercises (February 26, 2020):

1. Typeset: The Pauli matrices are:

$$\sigma^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Note: The blank in the 2nd entry of the 1st row of σ^3 is a deliberate typo

2. Typeset this:

$$\left\| \begin{array}{c|c} a \times b & c + d \\ \alpha & \gamma \\ \hline 3 & 1.1 \end{array} \right\|$$

3. Typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
11	Didier	Drogba

4. Modify the previous table to typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
10	Edson	Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)
11	Didier	Drogba

5. Typeset this:

Shape	Area	Perimeter
Disk of radius R	πR^2	$2\pi R$
Rectangle of sides L_1 and L_2	$L_1 L_2$	$2(L_1 + L_2)$
Square of side $L_1 = L_2$		
Right triangle, base b and height h	$\frac{1}{2}bh$	$b + h + \sqrt{b^2 + h^2}$

6. Optional exercise: Typeset this (note the alignment at equal sign)

a	$x^2 + y = 30$
b	$100 = \sin(\theta) + \cos \varphi$
c	$q \cup p = q \cap p$

Solutions

Exercise 1: The Pauli matrices are:

```
\[\sigma^1=\begin{pmatrix}0&1\\1&0\end{pmatrix},\quad
\sigma^2=\begin{pmatrix}0&-i\\i&0\end{pmatrix}\quad\text{and}\quad
\sigma^3=\begin{pmatrix}1&0\\0&-1\end{pmatrix}\quad \]
```

Exercise 2: $\begin{bmatrix} | & | & r & | & | \\ a & \times & b & + & c & + & d \\ \alpha & & & & & & \gamma \end{bmatrix}$

```
\begin{array}{|r|}
a\times b& c+d\\
\alpha & \gamma\\
\hline
3&1.1
\end{array}\quad \]
```

Exercise 3: $\begin{matrix} \text{Jersey} & \text{First Name} & \text{Last Name} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Cristiano} & \text{Ronaldo} \\ \hline 11 & \text{Didier} & \text{Drogba} \end{matrix}$

```
\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{c|l|l|l}
Jersey & First Name & Last Name \\
\hline\hline
10 & Cristiano & Ronaldo \\
\hline
11 & Didier & Drogba
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```

Exercise 4: $\begin{matrix} \text{Jersey} & \text{First Name} & \text{Last Name} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Cristiano} & \text{Ronaldo} \\ \hline 10 & \text{Edson} & \text{Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)} \\ \hline 11 & \text{Didier} & \text{Drogba} \end{matrix}$

```
\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{c|l|l|l}
Jersey & First Name & Last Name \\
\hline\hline
10 & Cristiano & Ronaldo \\
\hline
10 & Edson & Arantes do Nascimento (Pele) \\
\hline
11 & Didier & Drogba
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```

Exercise 5: $\begin{matrix} \text{Shape} & \text{Area} & \text{Perimeter} \\ \hline \text{Disk of radius } R & \pi R^2 & 2\pi R \\ \hline \text{Rectangle of sides } L_1 \text{ and } L_2 & L_1 L_2 & 2(L_1 + L_2) \\ \hline \text{Square of side } L_1 = L_2 & L^2 & 4L \end{matrix}$

```
\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{|p{2in}|c|c|}
Shape&Area&Perimeter\\
\hline\hline
Disk of radius  $R$  &  $\pi R^2$  &  $2\pi R$ \\
\hline
Rectangle of sides  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  &  $L_1 L_2$  &  $2(L_1 + L_2)$ \\
\cline{1-1}
Square of side  $L_1 = L_2$  & & \\
\hline
Right triangle, base  $b$  and height  $h$  &  $\frac{1}{2}bh$  &  $b + h + \sqrt{b^2 + h^2}$ 
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```

Exercise 6: Solution:

```
\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{|l|r@{~$=$~}l|}
\hline
 $a x^2 + y^2 = 30$  \\
 $b \sin(\theta) + \cos \varphi$  \\
 $c \cup p$  &  $q \cap p$ 
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```