

12.1

Question:

A block on the end of a spring is pulled to position $x = A$ and released. In one full cycle of its motion, through what total distance does it travel?

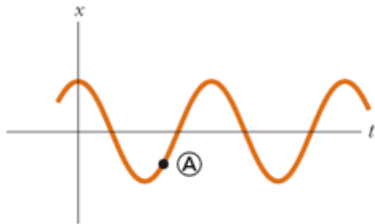
- (A) $A/2$
- (B) A
- (C) $2A$
- (D) $4A$

12.2

Question:

Consider the following graphical representation of simple harmonic motion as described mathematically, $x(t) = A \cos(\omega t + \phi)$. When the object is at point A on the graph, what are, respectively, its position and velocity?

- (A) both positive
- (B) both negative
- (C) positive and zero
- (D) positive and negative
- (E) *negative and positive*

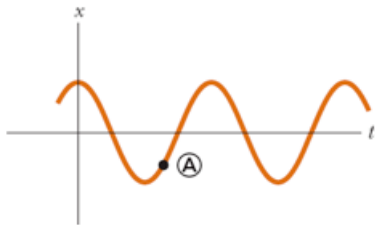


12.3

Question:

What are the respective signs of the velocity and acceleration when the object is at position A on the graph?

- (A) *both positive*
- (B) both negative
- (C) positive and zero
- (D) positive and negative
- (E) negative and positive



12.4

Question:

A grandfather clock depends on the period of a pendulum to keep correct time. Suppose a grandfather clock is calibrated correctly and then a mischievous child slides the bob of the pendulum downward on the oscillating rod. Does the grandfather clock run...

- (a) *slow*
- (b) fast
- (c) correctly

12.5

Question:

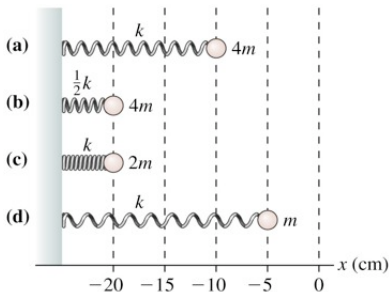
A grandfather clock depends on the period of a pendulum to keep correct time. Suppose the grandfather clock is calibrated correctly at sea level and is then taken to the top of a very tall mountain. Does the grandfather clock run...

- (a) *slow*
- (b) fast
- (c) correctly

12.6

Question:

Four springs have been compressed from their equilibrium position at $x = 0$ cm. When released, they will start to oscillate. Rank in order, from highest to lowest, the maximum speeds of the oscillations.



(A) $c > b > a > d$

(B) $c > b > a = d$

(C) $a = d > b > c$

(D) $d > a > b > c$

(E) $b > c > a = d$