Both source and observer are moving with speed v.

Wave is emitted with frequency f, observer detects it with frequency f'

- (a) If wave=sound, f=f'
- (b) If wave=light, f≠f'
- (c) (b) is wrong and (a) is right
- (d) (a) is wrong and (b) is right
- (e) None of the above

Correct answers are (a) and (c). For light, clearly f=f'.

For sound: source approaching observer: $f' = \frac{1}{1 - v/c} f$

observer approaching source: f' = (1 + v/c)f

observer moving away from source: f' = (1 - v/c)f

source approaching observer and observer moving away from source: $f' = \frac{1}{1 - v/c} (1 - v/c) f = f$