



FIG. 1: Figures A, B respectively

1B quiz 2 version A

1. Gold has one electron per atom available as charge carriers. The mass density of gold is  $19.3 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and its atomic weight is 197 amu. Find the drift speed of the electrons in a wire with circular cross section of radius  $3 \text{ mm}$  and which is carrying a current of carrying  $.1 \text{ A}$ .

- a.  $1.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m/s}$
- b.  $3.7 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m/s}$
- c.  $5.9 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m/s}$
- d.  $2.7 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}$

2. An aluminum wire of length  $5L$  and a copper wire of length  $L$  have precisely the same resistance. The resistivity of the two materials are: aluminum,  $2.8 \times 10^{-8} \Omega - m$  and copper  $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega - m$ . What is the ratio of the radius of the copper wire to the aluminum wire?

- a. .05
- b. .12
- c. .35
- d. .87

3. How long is a wire made from a volume  $100 \text{ cm}^3$  of copper if its resistance is  $8.5 \text{ ohms}$ ? The resistivity of copper is  $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega\text{-m}$ .

- a. 7.1 m
  - b.  $1.7 \times 10^2$  m
  - c.  $2.2 \times 10^2$  m
  - d.  $3.0 \times 10^3$  m
4. An electric toaster requires 1100 W at 110 V. What is the resistance of the heating coil?
- a. 7.5  $\Omega$
  - b. 9.0  $\Omega$
  - c. 11.0  $\Omega$
  - d. 13.0  $\Omega$
5. To stun its prey, the electric eel generates a current of .8 Amp, applied across a potential difference of 650V. How much energy is deposited by the eel in its victim every 2 seconds?
- a. 130 J
  - b. 260 J
  - c. 520 J
  - d. 1040 J
6. How much current flows through the central resistor in Fig A shown above?
- a. .55 A
  - b. .67 A
  - c. .33 A
  - d. 1.11 A
7. The resistors in the circuit shown in Fig B each have a resistance of 100  $\Omega$ . What is the equivalent resistance of the circuit?
- a. 25  $\Omega$

- b.  $50 \Omega$
- c.  $75 \Omega$
- d.  $100 \Omega$

8. A  $1\,000\text{-V}$  battery, a  $3\,000\text{-}\Omega$  resistor and a  $0.50\text{-}\mu\text{F}$  capacitor are connected in series with a switch. The capacitor is initially uncharged. What is the value of the current the moment after the switch is closed?

- a.  $0\text{ A}$
- b.  $.33\text{ A}$
- c.  $.66\text{ A}$
- d.  $3.0\text{ A}$