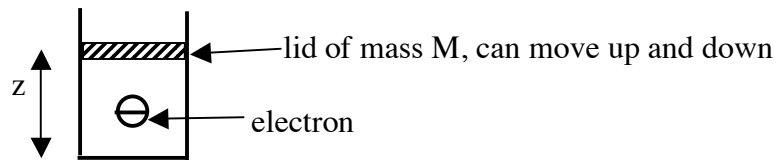


**Problem 1** (10 pts)

An electron in a hydrogen-like ion is in an orbit of radius  $4a_0$ , with  $a_0$  the Bohr radius. When it makes a transition to the ground state it emits a photon of wavelength approximately  $10\text{\AA}$ .

- Find the value of  $Z$  for this ion and the value of  $n$  for this orbit.
- Find the speed of this electron  $v$ , expressed as  $v/c$ , as a multiple of the fine structure constant  $\alpha$ .
- Find the wavelength (in  $\text{\AA}$ ) of the longest wavelength photon that this electron can absorb by making a transition to another state.

**Problem 2** (10 pts)



An electron is in a box with a lid at height  $z$  measured from the bottom of the box, and is in its lowest energy state.

- Estimate the kinetic energy of this electron using the uncertainty principle when the lid is at height  $z=z_0=10\text{\AA}$ . Give your answer both in eV and in J. Ignore the effect of gravity on the electron, and assume it only moves up and down, not sideways.

The box has a lid of mass  $M$ , as shown in the figure, and gravity acts on the lid with force  $Mg$  ( $g=9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ ). Assume now the lid can slide freely up and down the  $z$  direction making the box bigger and smaller, but is in its equilibrium position at height  $z=z_0=10\text{\AA}$ .

- Make a qualitative graph of the energy of this system given by the sum of the kinetic energy of the electron and the gravitational potential energy of the lid, as a function of the vertical position of the lid,  $z$ . Show where  $z_0$  is in your graph.
- Calculate the value of the mass of the lid,  $M$ , using the fact that its equilibrium position is at  $z=z_0=10\text{\AA}$ . Give your answer in grams.

Use:  $1\text{eV}=1.6\times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$ ,  $\hbar^2/m_e = 7.62 \text{ eV}\text{\AA}^2$ , with  $m_e$  the electron mass.

**Problem 3** (10 pts)

- What is the de Broglie wavelength (in  $\text{\AA}$ ) for an electron in the  $n=3$  state of hydrogen?

(parts (b) and (c) of this problem are unrelated to (a))

- For the wavepacket:  $y(x,t) = y_0 \cos(11\text{\AA}^{-1}x - 30\text{s}^{-1}t) + y_0 \cos(13\text{\AA}^{-1}x - 42\text{s}^{-1}t)$  find the phase velocity and the group velocity, in  $\text{A/s}$ .

- For the wavepacket given in part (b) and for  $t=0$ , find the smallest positive position  $x$  (in  $\text{\AA}$ ) where the envelope of the group takes its most negative value.

**Justify all your answers to all problems**

PHYSICS 4E  
PROF. HIRSCH

QUIZ 2 (open book)

SPRING QUARTER 2012  
APRIL 30