

Homework 10

12.1A

$$\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} = - \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t} \quad (12.26)$$

$$\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} = - \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t} \quad (12.27)$$

Differentiate (12.26) with respect to t ;

$$\frac{\partial^2 E_y}{\partial x \partial t} = - \frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial t^2} \quad (*)$$

and (12.27) with respect to x ;

$$\frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial x^2} = - \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial^2 E_y}{\partial t \partial x}$$

plug in (*) above:

$$\frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial x^2} = \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial t^2}$$



12.1B

Let $B_z(x, t) = B_0 \sin(kx + \omega t)$

with

$$\frac{\omega}{k} = c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0}}$$

then

$$\frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial x^2} = -B_0 k^2 \sin(kx + \omega t)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial t^2} = -B_0 \omega^2 \sin(kx + \omega t) =$$

$$= \frac{\omega^2}{k^2} \frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial x^2} = \frac{k^2}{\omega^2} \frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial t^2} = \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 B_z}{\partial t^2}$$



12.1C

$$q = q_0 \sin \omega t$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$$

$$\Delta V = \frac{q}{C} = \frac{q_0 d}{\epsilon_0 A} \sin \omega t$$

$$E = \frac{\Delta V}{d} = \frac{q_0}{\epsilon_0 A} \sin \omega t$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} = \frac{q_0 \omega}{\epsilon_0 A} \cos \omega t$$

Consider a circle of radius r
around the axis of symmetry;

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{\ell} = \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \int \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \cdot d\vec{S}$$

$$B \cdot 2\pi r = \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} \cdot \pi r^2$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 \epsilon_0 r}{2} \frac{\partial E}{\partial t}$$

$$B = \mu_0 \frac{q_0 r \omega}{2A} \cos \omega t$$



$$\underline{12.2 \text{ A}} \quad f = \frac{c}{\lambda}$$

$$a. \quad \lambda = 10^3 \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{3 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$b. \quad \lambda = 1 \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$c. \quad \lambda = 3 \text{ cm} = 3 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{10^{10} \text{ Hz}}$$

$$d. \quad \lambda = 10^{-4} \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{3 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ Hz}}$$

$$e. \quad \lambda = 5000 \text{ \AA} = 5 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{6 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ Hz}}$$

$$f. \quad \lambda = 0.1 \text{ \AA} = 10^{-10} \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{3 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ Hz}}$$

$$g. \quad \lambda = 10^{-2} \text{ \AA} = 10^{-12} \text{ m} \quad f = \underline{3 \cdot 10^{20} \text{ Hz}}$$

12.3A

$$z = z_0 \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (x - ut) =$$

$$= z_0 \sin \left(\frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x - \frac{2\pi u}{\lambda} t \right)$$

$$z = z_0 \sin (kx - \omega t)$$

so $f = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$, $\omega = \frac{2\pi u}{\lambda} = k u$

12.4A

$$f = 10^6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$I = 20 \text{ W/m}^2$$

a. $\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \underline{300 \text{ m}}$

b. $I = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\epsilon_0 B_0^2}{\mu_0}$

$$B_0 = \sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0} E_0$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E_0^2 \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0}{\mu_0}}$$

$$E_0^2 = 2I \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}} = 15070 \left(\frac{N}{C}\right)^2$$

$$E_0 = 122.7 \frac{N}{C}$$

$$B_0 = 4.1 \cdot 10^{-7} T$$

12.4 B $I = 2 \text{ cal/cm}^2 \cdot \text{min} =$

$$= 2 \cdot 4.184 \text{ J} / (10^{-2} \text{ m})^2 \cdot 60 \text{ s} = 1.39 \cdot 10^3 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \frac{E_0 B_0}{\mu_0} = \frac{1}{2} E_0^2 \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0}{\mu_0}}$$

$$E_0^2 = 2I \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}} = 1.05 \cdot 10^6 \left(\frac{N}{C}\right)^2$$

$$E_0 = 1.02 \cdot 10^3 \frac{N}{C}$$

$$B_0 = \frac{E_0}{c} = 3.41 \cdot 10^{-6} T$$

$$\underline{12.5 A}$$

$$A = 1 \text{ cm}^2 = 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$d = 5 \text{ mm} = 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$I_{el} = 10 \text{ mA} = 10^{-2} \text{ A} \quad (\text{rms})$$

$$f = 10^6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$V_{\text{rms}} = 100 \text{ V}$$

$$j_{el} = \frac{I_{el}}{A} = 10^2 \frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}^2} \quad (\text{rms})$$

$$E_{\text{rms}} = \frac{V_{\text{rms}}}{d} = 2 \cdot 10^4 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}$$

$$j_{dis} = \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial E}{\partial t}$$

$$j_{dis, \text{rms}} = \epsilon_0 E_{\text{rms}} \cdot \omega = \epsilon_0 E_{\text{rms}} \cdot 2\pi f$$

$$j_{dis, \text{rms}} = 1.11 \frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$j_{dis} \ll j_{el} \quad (1.11 \ll 10^2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$I_{dis, \text{rms}} = j_{dis, \text{rms}} \cdot A = \underline{1.11 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ A}}$$